Pending Claims

This listing of claims is a courtesy copy of the pending claims. No amendments have been made in this reply.

 (original) A method (90) for processing video signals in a video-on-demand system (10) comprising:

reserving (91) a predetermined amount of bandwidth in one or more multiplexers (21-24) of a node group to future transcoding;

assigning (92) one or more new video sessions to one or more unused slots in each multiplexer (21-24) of the node group until all unreserved bandwidth is allocated; and

routing (93) one or more subsequent new video sessions through a central transcoder (15) after all unreserved bandwidth of a node group is allocated.

- (original) The method (90) according to claim 1, further comprising:
 assigning (94) bandwidth that becomes available from one or more terminated
 video sessions on a given multiplexer (21-24) in the node group for use by the central
 transcoder (15) to form a transcoded group of channels for the given multiplexer (21-24).
- (original) The method (90) according to claim 2, wherein a transcoded group of channels includes a statistical multiplexed group of channels.
- (original) The method (90) according to claim 1, further comprising: expanding (95) an existing transcoded group of channels output by the central transcoder (15) to a given multiplexer (21-24) in the node group using bandwidth from one or more terminated video sessions on the given multiplexer (21-24).
- (original) The method (90) according to claim 1, further comprising: converting (96) a video session from a non-transcoded service to a transcoded service during a trick play transition.

- (original) The method (90) according to claim 1, further comprising: converting (96) a video session from a transcoded service to a non-transcoded service during a trick play transition.
- (original) The method (90) according to claim 5, wherein a trick play transition includes a transition from a playback operation to an operation selected from the group of: fast-forward, rewind and pause.
- (original) The method (90) according to claim 6, wherein a trick play transition includes a transition from a playback operation to an operation selected from the group of: fast-forward, rewind and pause.
- 9. (original) A method (90) for processing a plurality of channels in a communications system (10) comprising:

reserving (91) a predetermined amount of bandwidth in a multiplexer (21-24) to future compression or transcoding; and

performing (93) transcoding or compression on one or more new channels after all unreserved bandwidth of the multiplexer (21-24) is allocated.

- 10. (original) The method (90) according to claim 9, further comprising: assigning (92) one or more new channels to one or more unused slots in the multiplexer (21-24) until all unreserved bandwidth is allocated before performing said transcoding.
- 11. (original) The method (90) according to claim 9, further comprising: forming (49) a transcoded or compressed group of channels for the multiplexer (21-24) from bandwidth that becomes available from one or more terminated channels in the multiplexer (21-24).
- (original) The method (90) according to claim 11, wherein the forming includes creating a compressed group of channels.

- 13. (original) The method (90) according to claim 12, wherein the creating includes creating a single transport stream at a constant bit rate for delivery to an edge device (14a-c) from all services in the compressed group of channels.
- 14. (original) The method (90) according to claim 12, wherein the creating includes: creating a plurality of single transport streams during transcoding, each having a variable bit rate that adds up to a total bit rate that will fit into the multiplexer (21-24); and

multiplexing the plurality of single transport streams at the edge device (14a-c) into one transport stream before modulating by the edge device (14a-c).

- 15. (original) The method (90) according to claim 9, further comprising: expanding (95) an existing transcoded group of channels associated with the multiplexer (21-24) using bandwidth from one or more terminated channels assigned to the multiplexer (21-24).
- 16. (original) The method (90) according to claim 9, further comprising: converting (96) a channel from a non-transcoded service to a transcoded service during a user initiated interruption in the channel.
- 17. (original) The method (90) according to claim 9, further comprising: converting (96) a channel from a transcoded service to a non-transcoded service during a user initiated interruption in the channel.
- 18. (original) The method (90) according to claim 16, wherein a user initiated interruption in the channel includes a transition from a playback operation to an operation selected from the group of: fast-forward, rewind and pause.

- 19. (original) The method (90) according to claim 17, wherein a user initiated interruption in the channel includes a transition from a playback operation to an operation selected from the group of. fast-forward, rewind and pause.
- (original) An apparatus (10) for processing video signals comprising:
 a central transcoder (15);

one or more video servers (12a-c), each outputting one or more video signals requested by users;

one or more edge devices (14a-c) each outputting a node group of signals for transmission to each of the users, wherein each edge device (14a-c) includes one or more multiplexers (21-24), and each multiplexer (21-24) includes a plurality of channel slots;

a network (13) coupling the one or more video servers (12a-c) to the one or more edge devices (14a-c) and the central transcoder (15); and

a processor (11) assigning each of the one or more video signals output by the one or more servers (12a-c) to one channel slot of the one or more channel slots in one multiplexer (21-24) of the one or more multiplexers (21-24) in one edge device (14a-c) of the one or more edge devices (14a-c), said processor (11):

- (i) reserving a predetermined amount of bandwidth in each of the one or more edge devices (14a-c) to future transcoding,
- (ii) assigning one or more new user requested video signals to one or more unused channel slots in a particular multiplexer (21-24) of the one or more multiplexers (21-24) of a particular edge device (14a-c) of the one or more edge devices (14a-c) until all unreserved bandwidth is allocated in the particular edge device (14a-c) of the one or more edge devices (14a-c), and
- (iii) routing one or more subsequent new user requested video signals that is designated for a particular edge device (14a-c) of the one or more edge devices (14a-c) through the central transcoder (15) after all unreserved bandwidth of the particular edge device (14a-c) of the one or more edge devices (14a-c) is allocated

- 21. (original) The apparatus (10) according to claim 20, wherein said processor (11): assigns bandwidth associated with a channel slot that becomes available from one or more terminated video sessions on a given multiplexer (21-24) of the one or more multiplexers (21-24) in a given edge device (14a-c) of the one or more edge devices (14a-c) for use by the central transcoder (15) to form a transcoded group of channels for the given multiplexer (21-24).
- 22. (original) The apparatus (10) according to claim 21, wherein a transcoded group of channels includes a statistical multiplexed group of channels.
- 23. (original) The apparatus (10) according to claim 20, wherein said processor (11): expands an existing transcoded group of channels output by the central transcoder (15) to a given multiplexer (21-24) of the one or more multiplexers (21-24) in a given edge device (14a-c) of the one or more edge devices (14a-c) using bandwidth from one or more terminated video sessions on the given multiplexer (21-24).
- 24. (original) An apparatus (10) for processing video signals output by one or more video servers (12a-c), each outputting one or more video signals requested by one or more users, said apparatus (10) comprising:

a central transcoder (15);

one or more edge devices (14a-c) each outputting a node group of signals for transmission to each of the one or more users, wherein each edge device (14a-c) includes one or more multiplexers (21-24), and each multiplexer (21-24) includes a plurality of channel slots; and

a processor (11) assigning each of the one or more video signals to one channel slot of the one or more channel slots in one multiplexer (21-24) of the one or more multiplexers (21-24) in one edge device (14a-c) of the one or more edge devices (14a-c), said processor (11):

(i) reserving a predetermined amount of bandwidth in each of the one or more multiplexers (21-24) in each of the one or more edge devices (14a-c) for future transcoding; and

- (ii) routing one or more new user requested video signals designated for a given edge device (14a-c) of the one or more edge devices (14a-c) through the central transcoder (15) after all unreserved bandwidth of the given edge device (14a-c) is allocated.
- (original) The apparatus (10) according to claim 24, further comprising:

 a network (13) coupling the one or more video servers (12a-c) to the one or more
 edge devices (14a-c) and the central transcoder (15).
- 26. (original) The apparatus (10) according to claim 24, wherein the processor (11): assigns one or more new requested video signals to one or more unused slots in a given multiplexer (21-24) of the given edge device (14a-c) until all unreserved bandwidth in the given edge device (14a-c) is allocated before routing the one or more new user requested video signals through the central transcoder (15).
- 27. (original) The apparatus (10) according to claim 24, wherein the central transcoder (15):

forms a transcoded group of channels for a given multiplexer (21-24) from bandwidth that becomes available from one or more terminated video sessions in given multiplexer (21-24).

- 28. (original) The apparatus (10) according to claim 27, wherein the central transcoder (15) forms a statistical multiplex group.
- 29. (original) The apparatus (10) according to claim 28, wherein the central transcoder (15) forms the statistical multiplex group by creating a multi-program transport stream at a constant bit rate for delivery to the edge device (14a-c) of the given multiplexer (21-24) from all services in the statistical multiplex group.

USPTO Application No.: 10/727,729

30. (original) The apparatus (10) according to claim 28, wherein the central transcoder (15) forms the statistical multiplex group by creating a plurality of single-program transport streams during transcoding, each having a variable bit rate that adds up to a total bit rate that will fit into the given multiplexer (21-24), and the edge device (14a-c) of the given multiplexer multiplexes the plurality of single-program transport streams into a multi-program transport stream.